THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1769. THE NUMBER 168.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but influenced by NONE.

BOSTON, *June* 29.

On Wednesday the 21st inſtant his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

WHEN at the opening of the ſeſſion I recommended to you to give your earlieſt attention to the buſineſs of the province, I did not think that there was any occaſion to ſpecify the particulars of ſuch buſineſs, as they muſt occur to you as readily as to me.

However leaſt this omiſſion ſhould be made uſe of as an excuſe for your inactivity, and as you have now entered into your fourth week, without having done any thing at all, I ſhall now capitulate the principal articles of the public buſineſs, which have hitherto waited for your notice.

They are, 1. The ſupport of the government. 2. The ſupply of the Treaſury. 3. The providing for the payment of the provincial debt, which now amounts to one hundred and five thouſand pounds. 4. The tax-bill. 5. The impoſt-bill. 6. The exciſe-bill, if thought proper. 7. The eſtabliſhment for forts and garriſons. 8. The continuation of the truck trade. 9. The continuation or revival of expiring or expired laws, &c.

All theſe ſeveral matters, and ſuch others of the ordinary buſineſs as I may have omitted, I now recommend to your immediate conſideration. Such aſſiſtance as I can give you, eſpecially in removing doubts or difficulties which may attend any of the ſaid buſineſſes, I ſhall be ready to afford you, ſo far as is conſiſtent with my duty.

June 21, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

And on Wedneſday laſt his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend another meſſage to the Houſe, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I THINK it proper to inform you that his Majeſty has been pleaſed by his ſign-manual to ſignify to me his will and pleaſure, that I repair to Great-Britain, to lay before him the ſtate of this province; and has alſo by his Secretary of State, given directions for the adminiſtration of this government during my abſence.

Upon this occaſion I think it neceſſary to communicate to you the 53d of his Majeſty's inſtructions, whereby he orders, that when the Governor ſhall be abſent from the province, one moiety of the ſalary and the perquiſites and emoluments which would otherwiſe be due to the Governor, ſhall, during his abſence, be paid to the Lieutenant-Governor for his maintenance, and for the ſupport of the dignity of the government.

I have always conſidered the grant of the ſalary appointed to me, to be ſubject to this inſtruction, although it was not ſo expreſſed in the act: And I have no objection at the preſent time, when the abſence of the Governor is foreſeen, that the grant of the ſalary ſhall be expreſſed to be ſubject to this inſtruction.

And I muſt at the ſame time obſerve to you, that as I am ordered to attend his Majeſty as Governor of this province, and am made to underſtand that I am to be continued in that office, and am inſtructed for the appropriation of the ſalary, whilſt I am abſent from the province, there is the ſame reaſon for the grant of the ſalary now as there has been at any other time. I muſt therefore deſire that according to his Majeſty's 49th inſtruction, ſuch grant may be made to precede the other buſineſs of the ſeſſion.

June 28, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

JULY 3.

The following is ſaid to be the ſubſtance of the RESOLVES *unanimouſly paſſed by the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, in the preſent ſeſſion, preſent* 109 *members.*

THE General Aſſembly of this his Majeſty's colony of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, being convened by his Majeſty's authority, by virtue of his writ iſſued by his Excellency the Governor, under the great ſeal of the province, and this Houſe thinking it their duty at all times to teſtify their loyalty to his Majeſty, as well as their regard to the rights, liberties and privileges of themſelves and their conſtituents, do paſs the following reſolutions to be entered on the journal of the Houſe.

RESOLVED, That this Houſe do, and ever will bear the ſtrieſt allegiance to our rightful Sovereign King GEORGE the Third, and are ever ready with their lives and fortunes to defend his Majeſty's perſon, family, Crown and dignity.

RESOLVED, That this Houſe do concur in and adhere to the reſolutions of the Houſe of Repreſentatives in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-five, and particularly in that eſſential principle, that no man can be juſtly taxed by, or bound in conſcience to obey, any law to which he has not given his conſent in perſon, or by his Repreſentative.

RESOLVED, as the opinion of this Houſe, That it is the indubitable right of the ſubject in general, and conſequently of the colonies jointly or ſeverally, to petition the King for redreſs of grievances, and that it is lawful, whenever they think it expedient to confer with each other, in order to procure a joint concurrence, in dutiful addreſſes for relief from their common burthens.

RESOLVED, That Governor Bernard in wantonly diſſolving the laſt year's Aſſembly, and in refuſing to call another, though repeatedly requeſted by the people, acted againſt the ſpirit of a free conſtitution; and if ſuch procedure be lawful, it may be in his power whenever he pleaſes to render himſelf abſolute.

RESOLVED, That at a time when there was a general diſcontent, on account of the revenue acts, an expectation of the ſudden arrival of a military power to enforce the execution of thoſe acts, an apprehenſion of the troops being quartered upon the inhabitants, when our petitions were not permitted to reach the Royal ear, the General Court at ſuch a juncture diſſolved, and the Governor refuſing to call a new one, and the people thereby reduced to almoſt a ſtate of deſpair; at ſuch a time it was innocent, if not highly expedient and neceſſary for the people to convene by their committees in order to aſſociate, conſult and adviſe, the beſt means to promote peace and order, and by all lawful ways to endeavour to have their united complaints laid before the throne, and jointly to pray for the Royal interpoſition in favour of our violated rights; nor can this procedure poſſibly be conceived to be illegal, as they expreſsly diſclaimed all governmental acts.

RESOLVED, as the opinion of this Houſe, That Governor Bernard, in his letters to Lord Hillſborough, his Majeſty's Secretary of State, has given a falſe and highly injurious repreſentation of the conduct of his Majeſty's [illegible] and faithful Council of this colony, [illegible] magiſtrates, overſeers of the poor, and [illegible] of the town of Boſton, tending to bring [illegible] reſpectable bodies, and eſpecially on ſome [illegible] viduals, the unmerited diſpleaſure of our [illegible] Sovereign, to introduce a military government into the province, and to miſlead both Houſes of Parliament into ſuch ſevere reſolutions, as a true, juſt and candid ſtate of facts muſt have prevented.

RESOLVED, That Governor Bernard, in the letters before mentioned, by falſely repreſenting that it was become "neceſſary the King ſhould "have the Council Chamber in his own hands, and "ſhould be enabled by Parliament, to ſupercede by "order in his Privy Council commiſſions granted "in his name and under his ſeal throughout the "colonies," has diſcovered his enmity to the true ſpirit of the Britiſh conſtitution, and to the liberties of the colonies; and particularly has meditated a blow at the root of ſome of the moſt invaluable conſtitutional and charter rights of this province: The perfidy of which, at the very time he was profeſſing himſelf a warm friend to the charter, is altogether unparallelled by any perſon in his ſtation, and ought never to be forgotten.

RESOLVED, That the eſtabliſhing a ſtanding army in this colony, in a time of peace, without the conſent of the General Aſſembly of the ſame, is an infraction of the natural rights of the people, as well as thoſe which they claim as freeborn Engliſhmen, and which are confirmed by Magna Charta, and the Bill of Rights, as ſettled at the revolution, and by the charter of this province.

RESOLVED, That a ſtanding army is not known as a part of the Britiſh conſtitution in any of the King's dominions; and every attempt to eſtabliſh it as ſuch has ever been eſteemed a dangerous innovation, and manifeſtly tending to enſlave the people.

RESOLVED, That the ſending an armed force into this colony, under a pretence of aiding and aſſiſting the civil authority, is an endeavour to eſtabliſh a ſtanding army here without our conſent; is highly dangerous to this people, [illegible] unprecedented, and unconſtitutional.

And whereas his Excellency General Gage, in his letter to Lord Hillſborough, October the 31ſt, having among other exceptionable things expreſſed himſelf in the following words: "From what has "been ſaid, your Lordſhip will conclude, that "there is no government in Boſton; in truth there "is very little at preſent, and the conſtitution of "this province leans ſo much to the ſide of democracy, that the Governor has not the power to "remedy the diſorders that happen in it."

RESOLVED, as the opinion of this Houſe, That his Excellency General Gage, in this and other aſſertions, has raſhly and impertinently intermeddled in the civil affairs of this province, which are altogether out of his department, and of the internal police of which, by his letter, if not altogether his own, he has yet betrayed a degree of ignorance equal to the malice of the author.

With reſpect to the nature of our government, this Houſe is of opinion, that the wiſdom of that great Prince William the Third who gave the charter, aided by an able Miniſtry, and men thoroughly verſed in the Engliſh conſtitution and law, together with the happy effects that have been derived from it to the nation, as well as this colony, did place it above the reprehenſion of the General, and ſhould have led him to enquire whether the diſorders complained of, have not ariſen from an arbitrary diſpoſition in the Governor, rather than from too great a ſpirit of democracy in the charter; and this Houſe cannot but expreſs their deep concern, that too many in power at home and abroad, ſo clearly avow not only in private converſation, but in their public conduct, the moſt rancorous enmity againſt the free part of the Britiſh conſtitution, and are indefatigable in their endeavours to render the Monarchy abſolute, and the adminiſtration arbitrary, in every part of the Britiſh empire.

RESOLVED, That this Houſe, after the moſt careful enquiry, have not found any inſtance of the courſe of juſtice being interrupted by violence, even before a ſingle Magiſtrate, nor of any Magiſtrate's refuſing to enquire into, or redreſs any complaint properly laid before him; while it is notorious to all the world, that even ſuch acts of Parliament as have been deemed by the whole continent highly oppreſſive, have been ſo far from being oppoſed with violence, that the duties impoſed and rigorouſly exacted, have been punctually paid.

RESOLVED, That the fining in the ſmall ſum of ten pounds only, an high handed offender, viz. One Fellows, in the county of Eſſex, who by force and with fire arms loaded with ball and ſwan-ſhot, reſcued a priſoner lawfully taken by the Sheriff of ſaid county, is a grievance, and tends to the encouragement of ſuch crimes for the future.

RESOLVED, That the frequent entries *Noli Proſequi* by the Attorney and Advocate General, in caſes favorable to the liberty of the ſubject, and rigorous proſecutions by information and otherwiſe in thoſe in favor of power, is a daring breach of truſt, and an inſupportable grievance on the people.

RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this Houſe, that all trials for treaſon, miſpriſion of treaſon, or for any felony or crime whatſoever, committed or done in this his Majeſty's colony, by any perſon or perſons reſiding therein, ought of right to be had and conducted in and before his Majeſty's courts held within the ſaid colony, according to the fixed and known courſe of proceeding; and that the ſeizing any perſon or perſons reſiding in this colony, ſuſpected of any crime whatſoever, committed therein, and ſending ſuch perſon or perſons to places beyond the ſea, to be tried, is highly derogatory of the rights of Britiſh ſubjects; as thereby the ineſtimable privilege of being tried by a jury

from the vicinage, as well as the liberty of summoning and producing witneſſes on ſuch trial, will be taken away from the party accuſed.

Private letters from London by the laſt veſſels mention, that Mr. Pownall made a motion in the Houſe of Commons for the repeal of the American revenue act, which was ſtremouſly ſeconded by Mr. George Grenville, who was ſupported by Alderman Beckford and Mr. Trecothick, both of them members for the city of London.—The Miniſtry was ſilent, and it appeared evident to every perſon preſent, that the acts would have been repealed, had the motion not been as warmly oppoſed by the Rockingham party, as it was contended for by Mr. Grenville and his friends. From the ſilence of the Miniſtry, it is not doubted but they wiſhed the acts repealed, though they were afraid to take the lead, having already repeatedly ſubjected themſelves to the charge of inconſiſtency; they were certainly in great perplexity, and the kingdom in the greateſt diſorder.—The Houſe will ſoon riſe, and the reaſon is ſaid to be, that the Middleſex freeholders, led on by the ſupporters of the Bill of Rights, are determined to petition both Houſes of Parliament, and even the King himſelf, in behalf of Mr. Wilkes;—all the London mob are to march in the proceſſion to the number of ſome hundred thouſands;—If the petitions are rejected, or received and not favourably anſwered, after going through this regular proceſs, the mobility, our preſent ſtate doctors, are to be let looſe to enforce conviction.

Adminiſtration, however, having information of this plan, are taking the proper meaſures to render it abortive, and the Houſe will be prorogued.—Licentiouſneſs reigns without any controul; and the ſober part of the community are looking forward with fear and trembling, to the arrival of that moment, which they hourly dread, when our Liberties will be totally annihilated by a popular convulſion; or will again take firmer root from a complete ſuppreſſion of mobbing, and by impreſſing upon the lower rank, a proper reſpect for the laws of their country.

It is certain, that many Gentlemen of great intereſt and good principles, have been induced to join the populace party, being alarmed by the behaviour of Adminiſtration, reſpecting Colonel Luttrell's election in preference to Mr. Wilkes, for the county of Middleſex.

A letter from Halifax mentions, that the Iſland of St. John's is made a ſeparate government, and that Lieut. Governor Franklin of Nova-Scotia, is appointed Governor.

On Tueſday laſt, at 4 miles from Boſton, Pattiſon's Thermometer placed in the open air, and in a dead ſhade was at 11 o'clock at 96 half, and at 3 at 99 half, which is 3 degrees higher than the ſame Thermometer, which has been uſed for ſeveral years paſt, was ever obſerved to be before: So that it may be concluded that it was the hotteſt day that has been known here for many years paſt.

Upon this Thermometer, ſummer heat is marked at 70, blood heat at 96, fever heat at 112: So that the heat of this day was within eleven and a half of fever heat.

A MESSAGE.

SIRS,

NOW, Gentlemen, I think it proper,
To make you ſtare, and tell a whopper;
My noble Maſter, Sirs, I'll tell you,
Conceives me ſuch a clever fellow,
As to command me to repair
To court—and bring my budget there:
Where I, Sir Mungo Nettle'em, Bart.
By lying, pimping, fraud and art,
Am now advanc'd to ſuch great credit,
"It muſt be true if Mungo ſaid it,"
There I ſhall ſtubbornly relate
Chimeras, for your real ſtate;
Legends of lies, my own creation,
But don't be ſaucy——know my ſtation,
Yet do not wickedly deviſe
When Mungo's gone, that Mungo dies.
For when I've taken my departure,
By Jupiter! you'll catch a Tartar;
Lord Paddy, ſaith, has taken care,
To place Tom Gripeall in the chair:
He'll ſpoil your ſun, I won't bely him,
But he's a crooked dog——as I am.
Upon this very nice occaſion,
I will not brook this ſtrange evaſion;
Down with the duty, have a care,
Don't think to chouſe me of a hair:
And give my brother Gripe his part,
Or elſe—by Jove I'll make you ſmart.
His dignity will want ſupport,
Tho' ſaith he'll never thank you for't.
The penſion is a lucky hit,
He made good market of his wit;
Five hundred pounds per ann. beſide,
Good Lard! how ſtately Tom will ride.
I've often thought, and thought with grief,
That when your high and mighty Chief
Is order'd home—my ſalary's ſplit,
And Tom a moiety muſt get:
For tho' I only wear the name
Of your Baſhaw, the thing's the ſame;
The money ſtill becomes my due;
And damn you all!—I'll have it too.
Beſides, to whiſper in your ear,
When I am there and you are here,
I'm not wickedly pretend,
That government is at my end,
And puff you off ten thouſand ſtories,
To blaſt the Whigs, and raiſe the Tories;
In ſhort, if you would but conſider,
The mighty miſchief that I did here,
Moſt chearfully you'd recompence
Sir Mungo, for departing hence.
Therefore as behoves ſuch gemman
Your great Bajaw, the reaſon's plain
That I, Sir Mungo, muſt be paid,
For reaſons heretofore diſplay'd.
Take heed then, and obſerve our will,
For I muſt have my money ſtill:
So, Sirs, conduct the matter fairly,
And make the grant as uſual—early.

NEW-YORK, *July* 10.

The brig Manſfield, Capt. Hebburn, is arrived at New-London from London, and has brought letters from that place as late as the 12th of May, but we cannot learn by them that the Parliament had done any thing in American affairs ſince our laſt advices from thence, nor that there has been any change in the Miniſtry.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 10.

Laſt week arrived at Newcaſtle, where the now lies, his majeſty's ſhip Huſſar, Capt. Corner, being ſtationed in this river. We hear her people have already ſearched ſeveral veſſels bound for this port, out of one of which they preſſed three ſeamen.

As a proof of the length to which tyranny may be carried by thoſe who have power in their hands, we have the following anecdote.—Soon after the concluſion of the late diſturbances in Hiſpaniola, a young Gentleman of a large fortune going to Port-au Prince to diſpoſe of ſome ſugars, wore his hanger by his ſide as formerly, which was reported to the General, whereupon he had him ſeized, and ordered a court to try him, but they finding nothing worthy of puniſhment, acquitted him; this alſo being told the General, he ſurrounded the houſe with his ſoldiers, took the young Gentleman, had him ſhot, and confiſcated his eſtate; and the whole court he ſent home to France in a ſhip.

Extract of a letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, dated May 11.

"A ſchooner near the banks, has taken up the crew of the ſhip Rainbow, Captain Philip Weſcott, of London, from North-Carolina, being in great diſtreſs, having loſt her rudder, and ſix feet water in her hold, and muſt inevitably have periſhed had they not met with them, as the ſhip's ſtern was ſtove to pieces, and ſome of her timbers ſtarted.

"This day a ſchooner from Barbados, with 26 hogſheads of rum, and 10 barrels of ſugar, was ſeized by our Cuſtom-houſe officer, for want of a certificate of the Iſle of Man bond being given; a very frivolous affair, for an honeſt man loſing his property.——*Quere.* Why ſhould not every officer be accountable for his neglect, in not ſupplying an ignorant ſkipper with the neceſſary papers, as well as papers without eraſements, which, in either caſe, leaves them liable to confiſcation? But it rather carries the appearance of a deſign to play into each others hands, as it brings the more grift to the mill.

JUNE 27.

To the PUBLIC.

As the late outrageous inſult, and cruel treatment I have received from William Didingſton, commander of the armed ſchooner Gaſpey, and David Hay, Captain of the Train, is become the common topic of converſation, I think I am bound in juſtice to myſelf, and the public, to give a full and true narrative of the whole matter. What was my caſe yeſterday, may be the caſe of every freeman, who may unfortunately fall within the power of ſuch cowardly inſolent officers, who diſgrace the commiſſions they hold, and who ſeem to think that their office intitles them to treat their fellow-ſubjects with outrage, inſolence, and abuſe.

On the 26th inſtant, going a fiſhing with Mr. Thomas Pedrix, of Cheſter, I ſaw a top-ſail ſchooner coming up. As I wanted to ſpeak with a pilot, who I was informed was in ſuch a ſchooner, I went near and hailed her, and aſked what pilot was on board? The captain of the ſchooner replied, that the pilot did not chooſe to tell his name. Such an uncivil, ungentleman like anſwer provoked me to tell him, that a civil queſtion deſerved a civil anſwer, and that I thought both the captain and pilot *blackguards*. Upon which the captain ordered out his boat and five men, to bring me on board, at the ſame time preſenting his fire-[illegible] ſwearing moſt violently, that he would fire upon me if I did not come along ſide directly.

All this time I had no apprehenſion of its being a King's armed ſchooner.

When the boat came up, the cockſwain immediately ſeized me, and in a piratical manner dragged me into the boat and put me on board the ſchooner, when the captain accoſted me with the moſt abuſive language. Finding in what hands I was fallen, I endeavoured to mollify him, by making all the conceſſion, which a Gentleman ought to demand. I aſſured him I did not know he was a King's officer; that if I had offended him I aſked his pardon. At that time Mr. Pedrix expecting I would ſoon be releaſed, rowed the ſkiff after the ſchooner, and upon coming pretty near, the commander of the ſchooner ordered him to ſheer off, or by G—d, he would fire into him; and then I deſired them to ſheer off, as I was not afraid, which he immediately did with a light oar, but not ſo far but he could ſee the inhumanity I was treated with.

Juſt at this time happening to ſee Captain Hay, to whom I was known, I appealed to him for my character, expecting he would interpoſe his friendly offices. But Captain Hay, in a rude inſulting manner, ſaid, "I know him very well, a tavern keeper in "Cheſter, a damned horſe jockey. "They are all a "parcel of damned raſcals." Tho' I had heard much of the imperious inſolence of the man, yet I was quite thunder ſtruck at this inſtance of it. He did not ſeem drunk, as it is ſaid he was when he committed the violent outrage in Philadelphia ſome years ago, and attempted to aſſaſſinate a Gentleman of that city.

The words were no ſooner out of Captain Hay's mouth, than the commander of the ſchooner ſtruck me in the face with his fiſt, and redoubled his ſtrokes, which I endeavoured to ward off, without offering to return a blow. But in fending off his ſtrokes, my hand happened to touch his face; on which, with an oath, he cried out, "you raſcal, will you ſtrike me on board my own veſſel." I told him, I did not, that if my hand had touched him, it was not deſignedly. "You lie, you raſcal," ſaid Captain Hay; "how dare you ſtrike a captain of a man of war?" With that they both fell upon me; at the ſame time calling for the mate, who ſeized me and held my hand, while the commander and Hay both beat me in a moſt cruel manner.

When they had tired themſelves with beating me, that they might add inſult to cruelty, they ordered me to be put in irons, which was done accordingly; and as if nothing could glut their revenge they thruſt me into the hold, where the commander ſwore he would keep me, and would not ſuffer me to ſee the light, nor to have pen, ink or paper, till he carried me to Halifax. When the commander found that his threats and menaces did not break my ſpirit, truſting to the protection of the laws of my country, I defied his malice and inſolence, his rage being ſomewhat abated he ordered the boat with ſeamen to put me on board my boat, if I would fall on my knees and aſk his pardon. Finding he could not bring me to this, he ordered his men to carry me, bloody as I was, on board my boat, which was about half a mile diſtant, and during this inhuman ſcene he would not ſuffer any one to come nigh the ſchooner.

DAVIS BEVAN.

As ſoon as Mr. Bevan got to Cheſter, he followed them to Philadelphia, where they endeavoured to make up this matter with their cash, which he nobly ſcorn'd, and has entered an action at civil law againſt each of the captains.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 27.

The following MEMBERS of the late HOUSE OF BURGESSES who were not preſent at the time the ASSOCIATION was formed, have ſince acceded thereto.

James City,	Meſſ. LEWIS BURWELL.
Hampſhire,	JAMES MERCER.
King & Queen,	WILLIAM LYNE.
	JOHN TAYLOE CORBIN.
Fairfax,	JOHN WEST.
Elizabeth City,	JAMES WALLACE.
Nortl umberland,	SPENCER M. BALL.
Henrico,	RICHARD ADAMS.
Warwick,	WILLIAM DIGGES.
Norfolk,	THOMAS NEWTON, Jun.
Culpeper,	HENRY PENDLETON.

GEO. WYTHE, Clk. H. B.

It is with the higheſt pleaſure that we can inform our readers the ASSOCIATION meets with the greateſt encouragement, in every county that we have yet heard from. In Dinwiddie alone, we hear upwards of 1000 perſons have ſigned it. And that ſo rare and laudable an example of public ſpirit may have its due influence, we cannot refrain from publiſhing the names of the widow Ladies who have acceded to the aſſociation.

Mrs. LUCY RANDOLPH, Chatſworth.
Mrs. ANNE RANDOLPH, Wilton.
Mrs. MARY STARKE, Dinwiddie.
Mrs. CHRISTIAN BURWELL, Williamsberg.
Mrs. REBECCAH WATSON, Richmond town.

JULY 20, 1769.

WE have often, in a friendly manner, called on the debtors to the late TREASURER's eſtate, and requeſted them on their own accounts, as well as for the ſake of that Gentleman's family, to provide, without delay, for the payment of their debts; but we are ſorry to obſerve that our cautions and entreaties have had but little effect, for the reſtill appears to be upwards of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS due to that eſtate, which we fear cannot be obtained from the debtors in any reaſonable time by the gentle methods we have hitherto uſed; and as the time is approaching when we ſhall be called on to pay that money into the Treaſury (a period that perhaps may prove fatal, not only to Mr. *Robinſon*'s family, but to ſeveral of his innocent ſecurities, who never borrowed a ſhilling of public money) and as the preſent Treaſurer has been ſo kind as to let us know, he ſhall think it his duty to iſſue executions on the judgments obtained in the General Court againſt that eſtate, if the money due to the country is not paid into the Treaſury by *October* next, which the debtors in juſtice and gratitude ought to have paid long ago, we therefore conceive it is our indiſpenſible duty to compel them to raiſe directly what they owe, by levying executions on them, which we are firmly reſolved to do, without reſpect to their perſons or circumſtances, if they do not immediately provide the money due from them, reſpectively, or give us ſuch aſſurance as we can rely on, that it ſhall be paid in the *October* General Court. And we do hereby requeſt the favour of the clerks of every county court in which judgments have been entered for us, to ſend to Col. *Brooke*, of *King & Queen* county, executions on them judgments, againſt the eſtates of the debtors, returnable in 90 days, except in ſuch caſes where he ſhall direct the contrary. And if any of the debtors ſhall attempt to give us further trouble or delay, they may depend we will give the public a true account of their debts and proceedings, that they only may be blamed for the delay they have occaſioned, and we acquitted (from the cenſure of thoſe who think they have a right to examine our conduct) for the indulgent manner in which we have hitherto proceeded; wherein we have, for our excuſe, the fair promiſes of the debtors, compaſſion for their circumſtances, and a fear of leſſening the ſecurity we had in their eſtates, by compelling them to ſell for ready money, and by that means perhaps not raiſing enough from their eſtates, to ſatisfy our demands; and we could not have conceived they would have forced us to this, at laſt, after three years indulgence. However we can now only ſay that if they have not gratitude enough for the memory of a man, who went ſuch lengths to ſerve them, as to prompt their diligence to do common juſtice to his family and eſtate, they cannot expect their entreaties or circumſtances will, for the future, avail any thing with us as his adminiſtrators.

EDMUND PENDLETON,
PETER LYONS.

THE Gentlemen who have the ASSOCIATION PAPERS, in the different counties, will be pleased to send the number of subscribers, in their respective counties, to Mr. RIND's office, before the 25th of *October* next.

RICHARD STARKE.

JULY 20, 1769.

WE shall be glad to treat with such person or persons as may be inclined to purchase any of the LANDS that the late Treasurer, *John Robinson*, Esq; died seised of, at the ensuing *October* General Court, or at any time before executions are levied on them, for his debt due to the public; and we shall certainly sell this fall, the valuable and well accustomed ORDINARY on the main road from *Williamsburg* to *Ruffin's* (late *Claiborne's*) ferry, now in the occupation of Mr. *Thomas Doncastle*, with the LANDS thereto adjoining, and other lands belonging to that estate, of which we shall give further notice.

EDMUND PENDLETON,
4 PETER LYONS.

THE drawing of Col. BERNARD MOORE's LOTTERY was prevented at the time appointed, by the tickets remaining, and the receipts for those sold not being returned to the managers in time. The public may be assured it will certainly be drawn in *Williamsburg*, on *Thursday* the 26th of *October* next, before which time all Gentlemen who have been kind enough to take tickets to dispose of, are desired to return such as shall be unsold, with the receipts for the others, to Col. *Moore*, or one of the managers. 2

To be RUN *for*,
At Aquia, Stafford *county*, Virginia, *on the second* Thursday *in* September *next*,

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FORTY THREE POUNDS, by any horse, mare, or gelding; the two mile heats carrying weight for age, according to the *English* rules of racing. A subscriber to pay thirty shillings entrance, a non-subscriber to pay ten pounds; any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse; the second best horse to have the entrance money. Horses designed to run must be entered at *Yelverton Peyton's*, the day before the race, with proper certificates of the names and age of the horses. The purse is to continue for seven years. Any person that inclines to be a subscriber, may by a line, or otherwise, at any time before the day of the race. The Gentlemen already subscribed, most of them design to run horses; and have subscribed five pounds each, so that there is no doubt but that the whole money will be collected on the spot. In case any dispute arises, it will be decided by a majority of the subscribers then present.

For SALE,

NEWTOWN, a plantation in the upper end of *King & Queen*, upon the great cross roads, formerly a store and ordinary kept by Capt. *John Richards*. It consists of very good houses, and 163 acres of land, and seems well situated for an ordinary. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, on the premises.

3 THOMAS HIND.

NORFOLK, *July* 14, 1769.

Imported in the ship Friendship, *Capt.* Thomas Lilly, *an assortment of*

Drugs and Medecines,

to be SOLD wholesale and retail, at a low advance, by ALEXANDER GORDON.

*** Neat RUPTURE TRUSSES.

LOST on the evening of the 11th instant, in *Fredericksburg*, a red *Turkey* leather pocket book, in which was a set of exchange, *John Crawford*, on *Spiers & French*, and Co. for 331. 2s. 8d. sterling, dated *Maryland*, *July* 4th or 5th, 1769, in favour of indorsed by *Charles Crookshanks*. All persons are desired not to take an assignment of said bills, as the subscriber will stop the money in the merchants hands, on whom the bills are drawn. 4 ROBERT BROWNE.

WHEREAS about the 25th day of *June*, 1769, I executed a bond for six pounds, *Virginia* currency, payable to *John Rector*, jun. of *Goose Creek*, in the county of *Fauquier*, which I think was very fraudulently obtained; and therefore take this method to forewarn all persons from taking any assignment of the same, as I will not pay any part of the said bond. JOST KELLER,
2 of *Frederick* county.

RAN away about the middle of *June* last, from my plantation, in *Lancaster*, a Negro man named ANTHONY, of a yellowish complexion, near 40 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, well set, and one of his legs smaller than the other. He pretends to be a freeman, and knows something of the shoemaker's, sawyer's, carpenter's and cooper's trades. Had on when he went away, a flannel jacket, double breasted, over which he had a common cotton one; all the other cloathing common to Negroes, but may have changed his dress. Whoever apprehends and secures the said slave, so that I may get him again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, besides what the law allows, paid by

THOMAS CASKIE.

NORFOLK, *July* 12, 1769.

JUST ARRIVED,
A Cargo of choice

Mahogany & Logwood,

to be SOLD on reasonable terms, by
4 MATT: PHRIPP.

JULY 20, 1769.

COMMITTED to *Norfolk* borough prison, on *Sunday* last, a young Negro man named JAMES, formerly the property of Mr. *Max. Calvert* of this borough, and sold by Mr. *Richard Lamb*, at *Petersburg*: he says he belongs to Mr. *Henry Delony*, on *James* river. Also a young Negro man named CHARLES, who was carried from this town by one *John Walker*; he says he belongs to the said *Walker* and one Mr. *Johnstone*. The owners are desired to send for them, paying charges.

JOSEPH CALVERT, Gaoler.

CAME to my plantation in *Powhatan*, in *James City* county, a small bay mare, about four feet one inch high, has a hanging mane and switch tail; she is about 10 years old, trots and gallops. Posted, and appraised to 4l. BEN: WALLER.

CAME to my plantation in *Fauquier* county, near the court-house, some time in *May* last, a sorry coloured roan horse, branded on the near buttock INB, and the off buttock IB; a piece of his right ear is cut off; he had on when he came here a small bell, with a piece broke out of it, and tied on with a piece of girth. Posted, and appraised to 2l. 15s.

WILLIAM RANSDELL.

TAKEN up in *King William* county, a bay horse about 4 feet 8 inches high, his hind feet are white, and is branded on the near buttock DG; he paces, and is about 4 years old. Posted, and appraised to 15l. JOHN RUSSELL.

TAKEN up in *Albemarle* county, a black horse, branded on the near buttock I D, with a star on his forehead, and had on a bell branded M C H S. Posted, and appraised to 8l. 2s. 6d.

JOHN FORTIN, sen.

TAKEN up near *Harding's* mill, on *Appamattox* river, in *Chesterfield* county, a small bay horse, has some saddle spots, a roach mane, short tail, and branded on the near buttock H. Posted, and appraised to 3l.

ZACHARIAH GLASCOCK.

Just Published,
And to be sold by WILLIAM RIND,
THE

Farmer's and Monitor's
LETTERS.

Price Two Shillings and Six Pence.

To be SOLD *to the highest bidder, on* Wednesday *the* 30th *day of* August *next (if fair) if not the next fair day, at the plantation of* James Bates, *deceased, in* York *county*,

SIX likely *Virginia* born SLAVES, consisting of young Negroes chiefly; also a stock of HORSES, CATTLE and HOGS, and a variety of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE. Twelve months credit will be given to all purchasers above twenty five shillings, on giving bond and good security to

ELIZABETH BATES, Administratrix.

I desire all persons who have not brought in their demands against my husband's estate, to make them known; and likewise those who are indebted, to pay off their respective balances as soon as they conveniently can, that I may be better able to settle with my creditors. 3 E. B.

To be SOLD, *on* Wednesday *the 2d of* August *next, at* Gloucester *court-house*,

Sixteen NEGROES,

For ready money, taken in execution by the sheriff. 2

On Tuesday *the* 8th *of* August *next, will be* SOLD, *at* Chatsworth, *in* Henrico *county*,

THE PERSONAL ESTATE of the late Hon. *Peter Randolph*, Esq; deceased; consisting of a great variety of elegant HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, PLATE, and CHINA WARE; a CHARIOT and HORSES; WAGGONS, HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP and HOGS; KITCHEN FURNITURE, and sundry other things. Six months credit, paying interest, will be allowed, on giving bond, &c. to

A. CARY,
R. RANDOLPH, } Exrs.
J. WAYLES,
S. WARD,

*** In *December* next, at *Warwick*, in *Chesterfield* county, will be SOLD upwards of two hundred SLAVES, belonging to the same estate, of which further notice will be given in this paper.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 7000 acres of LAND in *Brunswick*, within 40 miles of *Petersburg*. Also about 1600 acres in the county of *Mecklenburg*, within 60 miles of *Petersburg*. There are several plantations on these lands, and great part of the soil is exceeding good. For terms apply to

tf. R. RUFFIN.

To be SOLD *at public auction, on* Tuesday *the twenty fifth of* November *next*,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, in *Cople* parish, *Westmoreland* county, containing four hundred and ten acres, equal in quality to any land in the *Northern Neck*, lying perfectly level through the whole, and loaded with timber. It is convenient to church and several good mills, as also to *Potowmack* river, where a quantity of fish and oysters may be had with very little trouble. An indisputable title will be made the purchaser, by SAMUEL WASHINGTON.

To be SOLD *at the house of* Richard Earle *in* Alexandria, *on* Potowmack *river, on* Monday *the* 21*st day of* August *next*,

THE valuable TRACT of LAND known by the name of BRENTON, lying in *Prince William* county, in *Virginia*, containing about 7500 acres. The quality and situation of this land, and its being exempt from the payment of quitrents, are strong recommendations to those willing to purchase. The land will be sold in parcels, as will best suit the purchasers at the day of sale, and credit for the greatest part of the money given, on security and interest. We think it proper to assure the public (as there have been some disappointments in the sale of this land) that it will certainly be disposed of at the time now mentioned, it being made over to the subscribers for certain sums of money they stand engaged for. The sale will begin at 12 o'clock. WILLIAM BRENT,
DANIEL CARROLL,
tdt HENRY ROZER.

FREDERICK county, *July* 25, 1769.

ELEVEN POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, THOMAS WINTHROP, an *English* convict servant man, born in *Carlisle*, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has a good countenance, and fresh complexion, dark brown hair, black eye brows, grey eyes, and a reddish beard, is very round shouldered, and has a stoop. Had on an old brown cloth jacket, ripped behind; a new flaxen shirt, a pair of tow trowsers, a new felt hat, and good shoes, with broad plated buckles; he had on also an iron collar. It is strongly suspected, that on *Sunday* night last, he broke open the house of *Anthony Hitchcock*, and took from thence three pair of new leather breeches, and a parcel of dressed deer skins. It is supposed he had accomplices in the said robbery, and that they are gone off with him. Whoever apprehends the said servant, and brings him to his master, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS reward, if taken in the county; if out of the county, FOUR POUNDS; and if taken at the distance of one hundred miles, SIX POUNDS, with reasonable charges, besides what the law allows. As he can write, it is probable he may forge a pass. GEORGE KELLOR.

ALSO

RAN away from the subscriber, in *May* last, ELIZABETH BERRY, an *English* convict servant woman, about 35 years of age, born in *Lancashire*, and has her country dialect remarkably strong. She has black hair and blue eyes, wants some of her teeth, has very large features, a fresh complexion, and a masculine voice. She had on, and took with her, a red grounded calico gown, a black worsted gown, and a black quilted petticoat, a striped linsey short gown and petticoat, a good blue cloth cloak with a hood, and an old red cloak. She is fond of boasting that she is an excellent dairy maid, and a good worsted spinner; the former I imagine has been chiefly her business. She has not been twelve months in the colony. Whoever apprehends, and brings her to her master, near *Winchester*, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS reward, if taken in the county; if out of it, FOUR POUNDS, with reasonable charges, besides what the law allows, from

JOHN M'DONALD.

MIDDLESEX county, *July* 27 1769.

RUN away from the subscriber, about three years ago, a Mulatto man named DAVID DAY; he is about five feet eight inches high, has a down look, very artful, and will attempt to pass for a free man; he is supposed to have made for the southward. Whoever will deliver him to me, shall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, if taken 50 miles from home, if nigher in proportion.

tf. AUGUSTINE SMITH.

STRAYED or stolen from *Bacon Quarter*, in *Henrico* county, the last of *January*, a middle sized bay mare, a natural pacer, a little barlemmed, has a few white hairs in her forehead is branded on the off side of her neck, under the mane, with a small cross. Whoever brings the said mare to Mr. *James Vaughan*, in *Richmond*, or to me, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward. RICHARD POSSEY.

LOUDOUN county, June 23, 1769.

To be SOLD, *pursuant to a decree of the Honourable the* GENERAL COURT, *at Mr.* WILLIAM CARR LANE'S *store, near the premises, on* Saturday *the* 19th *day of* August *next*,

FOUR hundred and fifty-five ACRES of LAND, whereof RICHARD ESKRIDGE was lately seized, lying on *Goose Run*, in *Loudoun* county, and the purchaser will have immediate possession. The terms of the sale will be made known at the day of sale, by

THOMAS LEWIS, D. S.

BY virtue of a trust deed made to the subscribers, for the benefit of the creditors of Mr. *John Orr*, will be sold on the premises, on the Great Road, in *Augusta*, the dwelling plantation of the said *John Orr*. The tract contains 400 acres of land, is pleasantly situated, and commands an agreeable prospect of *Rapahannock* and *Potomack* rivers; about one half of it is cleared and very good land. There is on the said land a very genteel and commodious dwelling house, 56 feet by 22, with four brick chimneys, and a good cellar, every convenient out house, a garden and yard paled in; the whole finished off within a few years, and in good taste. Twelve months credit will be allowed, and the purchase delivered at Christmas next.

WILLIAM BERNARD.
THOMAS JETT.

RUN away from the subscriber, in *Tottopotomoy*, the 21st of *May* last, a Negro man slave named SAMPSON, about six feet high, of remarkable thin face and high forehead; he is a foolish fellow, and can do a little at the carpenter's trade; he is thought to be harboured in *Caroline* county, on *Mattapony* river. If any one will apprehend the said fugitive, and secure him so that I may get him again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, besides what the law allows.

WILLIAM MOODY, jun.

TAKEN up in *James City* county, a red steer, with some white under his belly, and marked with a crop and two slits in the left ear. Posted and appraised to 28s. JOHN JARVIS.

TAKEN up in *Hanover* county, a chestnut pacing bay horse, branded on the near shoulder and buttock with an inverted figure 4, has on four white feet, is 5 years old, and about 14 hands high.

JOHN BINGHAM.

TAKEN up at the plantation of Capt. *Robert Adams*, on *Stockton's* branch, a black mare, about 4 feet 8 inches high, branded on the near buttock W, about 3 years old, has a small star in her forehead, and has lost a hinder foot. Posted, and appraised to 3l.

JAMES MANKIN.

TAKEN up on the plantation of the subscriber, upon Occoquan, about seven years last past, a bob steer with a white face, a hole in the right ear, and a slit in the left, about five or six years old; any person claiming a right to the above-mentioned steer, on proving property, may have him again, by paying reasonable charges to HENRY VANMETRE.

TAKEN up in *Mecklenburg* county, near *Rapier's* ferry, a middle sized dark bay horse, with small feasible spots, appears to have had a fistula, branded on the near buttock with a cross. Posted, and appraised to 3l.

THOMAS PINSON.

TAKEN up on my plantation on *Morgain's* creek, in *Bedford* county, a small iron grey mare, branded on the near shoulder W. with a line under it, and on the near buttock 7; she has a mane colt near the same colour, near 2 years old. They are posted, and appraised to 3l. 10s.

JOHN TALBOT.

TAKEN up on *James* river, in *Augusta*, the following strays, viz. a black horse with a star and snip, branded on the near shoulder S. about 8 years old, 15 hands and a half high, and trots. Appraised to 3l. Also a grey three year old colt, about 12 hands high, a trotter. Appraised to 2l. Likewise a white mare, branded on the off shoulder T, about 20 years old, a trotter, and about 13 hands high, with a grey yearling trotting horse colt. Appraised to 4l. 10s.

JOHN BUCHANAN.

TAKEN up in *Augusta* county, upon *James* river, a bay horse, about 4 feet 7 inches high, 7 years old, paces naturally, branded on the near shoulder I. Posted, and appraised to 6l.

WILLIAM ROWLAND.

BEING possessed of an over proportion of lands, with slaves, and in want of money to prosecute my trade with more credit and reputation than at present I am capable of doing I therefore propose selling the following tracts, viz. in *Mecklenburg* county one of 490, and another of 375 acres, both high ground, excellent soil for tobacco, and improved sufficient for five hands each. In *Charlotte* county one of 800, a second of 655, and a third of 400 acres; the first chiefly high ground, with a large plantation, and a sufficient number of convenient houses, in good order for seven or eight hands, and in quality equal to the *Finny* wood land, so universally remarkable for tobacco; the second upon the river *Roanoke*, both high and low grounds, each kind exceeding fine, and improved with fresh cleared ground, under good fences, sufficient for six hands; barns, &c. new and in good order, sufficient for the same number of hands also; and the third upon a large creek, which affords low grounds about one quarter of the tract, the other three quarters high lands, and both in general very fine, has no improvements, except a small house and plantation newly made.

Any person inclinable to purchase all, or either of the aforesaid lands, may be shewn the same, and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, upon *Finny Wood*, in *Charlotte* county.

MATTHEW MARABLE.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to Col. JOHN FRY; one of them about 1000 acres, on the branches of *Hardware* river, a branch of *James* river, in the county of *Albemarle*; the other about 1200 acres, on the branches of *Willis's* river, in the county of *Buckingham*. The above tracts of land were taken up and surveyed in small parcels; but are now included in two patents. For terms apply to the subscribers, who have deeds for the same, and will dispose of them either according to the inclusive patents, or in separate parcels, according to the first surveys.

HENRY FRY,
JOHN SCOTT,
JOHN NICHOLAS.

tf.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, in *Loudoun* county, from JAMES WHALEY, overseer, TOM, a Negro Man slave, by some called *Tom Salter*, of a middle size, and well made for strength, about 38 years old, he has had teeth, and many small pimples about his beard; he can read, and play on the fiddle, and had a variety of cloaths; but his common working dress, was dyed brown cotton; he managed several years as an overseer for me, under Capt. *Robert Dewrmond*, at a plantation of mine on *Mattawoman* creek, in *Richland* county, where he always kept until lately; he is a dissembling artful fellow, and generally smiles when he speaks. I suspect he is nothing about a plantation belonging to *Charles Carter*, Esq; in *Hanover* county, at or near *South Wales*, where he has a wife named *Sukey*, and perhaps at times about his old haunts in *Moratico*. Whoever will deliver him to me, in *Prince William* county, shall receive the above reward; or if they will secure him in any of his Majesty's gaols, so that I may get him again, Five Pounds; and if he is taken out of the colony, and brought home to me, Twenty Pounds current money current, paid by

HENRY LEE.

RUN away from the subscriber, in *Charles City* county, on the 19th day of last *August*, a *Virginia* born Negro man named DUBLIN, about thirty-five years old; he is a large fellow, has a grim look, a scar over one eyebrow, and one hand much drawn up with a burn when young, though he has good use of it, has lost the nail of his right great toe, and was clouched as usual. I have heard of him several times in *Hanover* and *Henrico* counties. I will give five pounds to any person that will deliver him to me, at Capt. *William Acrill's* in *Charles City*.

tf. MOSES FONTAINE.

June 4, 1769.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on *Tuesday* the 26th of last month, two likely chair horses; the one a middle, and the other a bright bay. The middle bay is near 14 hands and a half high; the bright bay about 14 hands and an inch. One of them is branded on the near buttock, but the mark I do not remember. They have ridge manes and bob tails, were lately the property of Mr. *Jesse Ball* of *Lancaster*, and I imagine may be gone that way, if they are not stolen. Whoever will bring these horses to me, at *Falmouth*, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS, or TWENTY SHILLINGS to inform me where they are, so that I may get them again; and as I am apprehensive they may be stolen, I will give TEN POUNDS to any person who will secure and convict the thief.

GAVIN LAWSON.

TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, near *Willis's* creek, upper bridge, a bay mare, about 4 feet 6 inches high, no brand perceivable, has a few white hairs on her back, is about 8 years old; she trots, paces, and gallops, has a hanging mane and a long bob tail. Posted, and appraised to 3l.

ROBERT BROWN.

RUN away on the night of the 26th of *June* last, from the subscribers, living at *Staunton*, in *Augusta* county, *Virginia*, the following Negroes, viz. WILL, a stout well made fellow, about 22 years old, *Virginia* born, very fair spoken, was purchased of Mr. *Warner Washington*, of *Gloucester* county, some time about *Christmas* last, and may perhaps go that way. ROMAY, an outlandish Negro, of middle stature, well made, has a very good look, speaks broken, and was purchased about the same time of Col. *Grant*, of *Maryland*. GEORGE, a small Negro bred about *Newbern*, in *North Carolina*, and brought here by a *Dutchman*, who stole him and a Negro woman from their master, as they report, and was hired out to pay their prison fees, &c. has had his ears cropped, and does not speak very plain. The two former had on, when they went away, some made of duffil blankets, shirts and trowsers of osnaburgs or coarse country made linen; the latter had shirts and trowsers of the same, but his other cloaths are unknown. They all appear to be cunning subtile fellows, and *Will* loves strong drink dearly. Whoever takes up and secures the said Negroes, so that we may have them again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS, if taken in this county, and if taken out FORTY SHILLINGS reward for each, besides what the law allows, paid by us,

SAMPSON & GEO. MATTHEWS.

TAKEN up in *Hanover* county, a light grey mare, about 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, and branded with the letters HV in a piece. Posted, and appraised to 2l. 15s.

JOHN LEE.

TAKEN up in *Hanover* county, a bay mare, about 3 years old; both her hind feet are white, and she is neither docked nor branded. Posted, and appraised to 3l. 5s.

JOHN LEE.

TAKEN up in *Caroline* county, near the Reedy church, a bay horse, about 4 feet 6 inches high, branded on the off buttock 2. Appraised to 3l.

WILLIAM LOWRY.

TAKEN up in *Louisa* county, a bay mare, about 4 feet 2 inches high, has a branding on the shoulder and switch tail, branded on the near shoulder G, and has some saddle spots. Posted, and appraised to 2l. 10s.

WILLIAM HARRIS.

TAKEN up in *Augusta* county, upon the waters of *Christian's* creek, a sorrel horse, branded on the near shoulder and buttock R, about 4 years old, 4 feet and a half high, has a star and white, with a docked tail and hanging mane, posted and appraised to 3l.

SAMUEL MCDOWELL.

TAKEN up in *Goochland* county, a black mare, about 4 feet high, has some white spots on her hinder feet, branded with a [illegible] on the near shoulder, has a hanging mane, short docked tail, and a bell on, and appears to be very old. Posted, and appraised to 3l. 5s.

JAMES COCKE.

TAKEN up on *Hannahan* river, *Pittsylvania* county, a sorrel horse colt, a years old, and about [illegible] high, branded [illegible] white feet, and plaited mane. He has been [illegible] years, and is posted and appraised to 3l.

JOHN CALLAWAY.

TAKEN up in *Surry*, a dark bay horse, about 4 feet 2 inch high, with no brand perceivable, likewise a small dark grey colt, neither docked nor branded; and a small black mare colt docked, but not branded. They are posted, and appraised to 3l.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

TAKEN up in *Culpeper* county, near [illegible] pass, a black horse, branded on the near shoulder A, and on the buttock [illegible]. He has a grey tale, and is 4 feet 6 inches high. Posted and appraised to 3l. 5s. 6d.

JAMES WILLIS.

TAKEN up in the *Calf Pasture* in Augusta county, a dark bay or brown horse, between 15 and an half and 16 hands high, with a star in his forehead, and snip on his nose, near hind foot white, with a middle sized bell on, branded on the near shoulder with something like a trowel, and on the near buttock R, and is a pacer. Posted, and appraised to 3l. 4s.

HENRY GAY.

TAKEN up in *Prince Edward*, a grey horse, about 4 feet [illegible] inches high, no brand perceivable, his tail [illegible], and has a small bell on, he also appears to be very old. Posted, and appraised to 2l. 5s.

THOMAS FLOURNOY.

TAKEN up on Col. *Tabb's* plantation, on Appomattox creek, a red cow, big with calf, and a black yearling, both marked with a crop in the right ear, and an over keel in the left.

JOHN PITTS BEAZELEY.

TAKEN up in *Hanover* county, a small sorrel mare, with a blaz'd face, branded on the near buttock C. E. Posted and appraised to 3l. 10s.

JOHN STARKE.

TAKEN up in *King George* county, a pied bull, appears to be about 3 years old, marked with an half crop in the upper and a nick in the under side of the right ear. Posted and appraised to 2l. 5s.

REUBEN BERRY.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM RIND, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, on the Main-Street. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12s. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 3s. the First Week, and 2s. each Time after: And long ones in Proportion.